

Autumn Terms

2024 - 2025

This is a vocabulary bank that shows key vocabulary that we will be sharing with your child over the term. Our history topic this term is The Victorians and we will be investigating the question “What was it like growing up in Victorian England?”

Alongside our topic, we will be reading literature which focuses on migration, the persecution of the Jewish community in the form of Michael Rosen’s ‘On the Move’ and the events of Windrush, using Benjamin Zephaniah’s ‘Windrush Child’.

Please go through the words on this vocabulary bank with your child to help to familiarise them with the vocabulary. We will also share this with the children throughout the term and during our relevant lessons.

Science: Electricity and Circuits

Electricity - a type of energy used to power electrical items.

Cells - a device used to generate electricity.

Circuit - a complete path around which electricity can flow.

Bulb - an object that produces light with the aid of electricity.

Voltage - the amount of electric force produced.

Motor - a component which moves (spins) when electricity passes through it in a circuit.

Switch - part of a circuit which can easily be opened or closed to control the flow of electric current.

Buzzer - a component which makes a sound when electricity passes through it in a circuit.

History

Queen Victoria - Queen of England from 1837 –1897.

Empire - an extensive group of states or countries ruled over by a single monarch.

Trade - the action of buying and selling goods and services.

Society - people living together in an ordered community.

Reign - to rule as a monarch.

Industrial Revolution - a period of major changes in the way products are made.

Act of parliament - a law that both Houses of Parliament have agreed to and which has received Royal Assent.

Lords - a man of rank or high position.

Factories - a large building where machines are used to make large quantities of goods.

Workhouse - large buildings where poor people who had no home or job lived.

Lord Shaftesbury - a British Conservative politician and philanthropist who limited the working hours of children when creating The Factory Act.

Dr Barnado - philanthropist and founder and director of homes for poor and deprived children.

Philanthropist - a person who seeks to promote the welfare of others, especially by the generous donation of money to good causes .

Geography

Longitude and Latitude - a system of lines used to describe the location of any place on Earth.

Northern and Southern Hemisphere - the half of the globe lying north or south of the equator.

Tropic of Cancer—the most northern latitude on the Earth where the sun can appear directly overhead.

Tropic of Capricorn - the most southern latitude on the Earth where the sun can appear directly overhead.

Time Zones - imaginary lines (called meridians) which split the globe into 24 specific areas of time.

International Date Line - an imaginary line on the Earth's surface defining the boundary between one day and the next.

Prime/Greenwich Meridian - an imaginary line running through the UK called the Prime Meridian. It runs through a place in London called Greenwich.

Climates - the long-term pattern of weather in a given area.

